

## HARD BURNISHING OIL

WHAT IT IS	The Organoil Hard Burnishing Oil is a durable sealing and finishing oil made from Tung Oil and other natural plant & wood oils. It is designed to cause minimal darkening/ yellowing whilst still providing natural colour/ character enhancement. Once dry, it is both food and child-safe.
WHAT IT IS USED FOR	Internal (only) bench-tops, kitchen cabinetry table-tops, bar-tops, chopping boards, bowls, food serving utensils and toys, Internal flooring (applied by professional floor sanders). It is ideally suited to lathe work as well as flat sanding.
WHAT IT LOOKS LIKE	Will result in a clear, light, wet-look, accentuating the colour and character of the timber. Matt or high satin results can also be achieved using different preparation and finishing techniques.
HOW TO PREPARE	<ol> <li>For best quality results on furniture and craftwork, dry-sand through the grits to 600-grit Wet &amp; Dry paper by hand or 400-grit by machine (Commencing grits are relevant to original surface supplied).</li> <li>When applying to table, bench or bar tops &amp; kitchen cabinetry apply 1 coat to the underside or rear to facilitate all-round moisture protection (preparatory sanding or "burnishing" of such areas is not necessary). If skin sensitive wear oil-impervious gloves. Ensure good ventilation.</li> </ol>
HOW TO APPLY	<ol> <li>For a satin patina finish using the wet-on-wet sanding procedure follow preparation above</li> <li>Apply with brush, cloth or applicator 2 (two) coats only, 2-3 hours apart on hardwood or 30 mins-1 hour apart on soft wood.</li> <li>Note: Apply 1 coat only to plywood and veneered timbers.</li> <li>Within 10-20 minutes after applying the second coat and while oil is still moist, re-commence sanding (burnishing) in the oil using the same wet and dry sandpaper as used for dry sanding. As you burnish, a slurry will develop. This can be used to fill imperfections in the timber surface. Continue to burnish until an even sheen appears at the surface.</li> <li>Note: If paper is clogged or slurry begins to become dry during the burnishing process clean/wipe paper face with an oil-dampened rag – Do not apply more oil to timber surface.</li> <li>Then rub surface firmly with a dry lint-free cloth or paper towel to remove excess oil/slurry</li> <li>Change to 1200-grit paper and commence polishing timber surface. Wipe again with lint-free cloth or paper towel. By now the timber should have an even overall satin sheen at the surface and be totally free of oil residue.</li> <li>If a higher lustre is desired, carry on polishing using 1500-grit. 24 hours later, buff using a lambswool pad.</li> <li>Do not allow water or any liquid near the finish for 96 hours after completion</li> </ol>



## Organoil Technical Data Sheet

Hard Burnishing Oil



HOW TO CLEAN UP	Hot soapy water or Gum Turpentine.
HOW TO MAINTAIN	To clean your oiled timber, wipe over surfaces with a damp cloth (mild detergent in water only).  Rejuvenate when necessary with Organoil Woodsheen – once every 3-6 months are usually sufficient depending on usage.
IMPORTANT INFORMATION	To achieve the best results from this product, apply using the wet-on-wet sanding procedure.  The finish that this product gives, even though resistant to water, alcohol and mild acetones as found in kitchen situations, is not fully suited to wet-areas that are subject to soaps and shampoos etc., for example, in the bathroom/laundry. ORGANOIL GARDEN FURNITURE OIL, with its anti-fungal oils and beeswax additives, would be more suitable for those locations.  With plywood or veneer projects, a ONE coat only application would be recommended.  This product is a penetrative, clear oil finish and should NOT have other brands of pigments or colourants added to it.  Always refer to can's instruction label for other storage, disposal, health and safety notes.





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www.organoil.com.au

Natural alternative to petroleum based hydrocarbons and water based oils. 100% plant oil – an environmentally sustainable oil.