

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SIKKENS CETOL BL NATURAL DECKING OIL MERBAU-037

Section 1. Identifie	Cd	tion		
GHS product identifier	:	SIKKENS CETOL BL NATU	RAL DECKING OIL MERBAU	J-037
Product use	:	Waterborne Stains		
Supplier's details				
Akzo Nobel Pty Ltd. 51 McIntyre Road Sunshine North Victoria 3020 Australia				
Emergency telephone number	:	Emergency Helpline (Austra Emergency Helpline (NZ): 0	lia): 1800 680 071 (24 hours) 800 503 008	
Section 2. Hazard	(s)	identification		
Classification of the substance or mixture	:	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ E SKIN SENSITIZATION - Ca	YE IRRITATION - Category 2 tegory 1	2A
GHS label elements				
Hazard pictograms	:			
Signal word	:	WARNING		
Hazard statements	:	May cause an allergic skin Causes serious eye irritati		
Precautionary statements				
General	:	Keep out of reach of children or label at hand.	n. If medical advice is needed	d, have product container
Prevention	:	Wear protective gloves. We hands thoroughly after hand	ar eye or face protection. Ave ling.	bid breathing vapor. Wash
Response	:	plenty of water. If skin irritat IN EYES: Rinse cautiously w	ing and wash it before reuse. ion or rash occurs: Get medic vith water for several minutes. tinue rinsing. If eye irritation	al advice or attention. IF Remove contact lenses, if
Storage	:	Not applicable.		
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and cor international regulations.	ntainer in accordance with all l	ocal, regional, national or
Supplemental label elements	:	Not applicable.		
Date of issue/Date of revision		: 6-5-2024	Version :1	
Date of issue/Date of revision				

Section 2. Hazard(s) identification

Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

Section 3. Composition and ingredient information

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	CAS number
propane-1,2-diol	≤3	57-55-6
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -tridecyl- ω -hydroxy-, phosphate	<3	9046-01-9
ОІТ	≤0.1	26530-20-1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

The total concentration of ingredients in this product, reported or not in this section, is 100%.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses if easy to do. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health eff	ects		
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.		
Inhalation	: No known significant effects	or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin re	action.	
Ingestion	: No known significant effects	or critical hazards.	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 6-5-2024	Version : 1	
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	2/11	AkzoNobel

Section 4. First aid measures

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness	
Inhalation	: No specific data.	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness	
Ingestion	: No specific data.	
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		

Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide phosphorus oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	ve equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 6-5-2024	Version :1
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	3/11



Section 6. Accidental release measures

Oection 0. Accidental release measures		
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).	
Methods and materials for co	ontainment and cleaning up	
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.	
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.	

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	1	
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
propane-1,2-diol	Safe Work Australia (Australia, 12/2019). TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Particulate TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. Form: Vapor and particulates TWA: 474 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Vapor and particulates

Appropriate engineering controls

: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 6-5-2024	Version : 1	
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	4/11	AkzoNobe

Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection

Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measu	<u>'es</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	 Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Wear a respirator conforming to EN140 with type A/P2 filter or better. Dry sanding, flame cutting and/or welding of the dry paint film will give rise to dust and/or hazardous fumes. Wet sanding/flatting should be used wherever possible. If exposure cannot be avoided by the provision of local exhaust ventilation, suitable respiratory protective equipment should be used.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Brown.
Odor	: Characteristic.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: 8.5 [Conc. (% w/w): 0%] [DIN EN 1262]
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: 100°C (212°F)

Date of issue/Date of revision	
Date of previous issue	



Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Flash point	: Not available.
Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit	: Greatest known range: Lower: 2.6% Upper: 12.6% (propane-1,2-diol)
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Relative vapor density	: Not available.
Density	: 1.085 g/cm ³ [DIN EN ISO 2811-1]
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (room temperature): 737 mm ² /s (737 cSt) [DIN EN ISO 3219] Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 30 mm ² /s (30 cSt) [DIN EN ISO 3219]
Particle characteristics	
Median particle size	: Not applicable.
Percentage of particles with aerodynamic diameter ≤ 10 μm	: 0

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
propane-1,2-diol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intramuscular	Rat	14 g/kg	-
	LD50 Intramuscular	Rat	20000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	9718 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Mouse	11400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intraperitoneal	Rat	6660 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Mouse	6630 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Mouse	8000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rabbit	6500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	6800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Intravenous	Rat	6423 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	19000 mg/kg	-
ate of issue/Date of revision	: 6-5-2024	Versie	on :1	1
ate of previous issue	: No previous validation	6/11		AkzoNobe

Section 11. Toxicological information

	kieologicai intormati			
	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	18350 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	22 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Mouse	20300 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rabbit	18500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	20 g/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Mouse	17370 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Mouse	17400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	28000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Subcutaneous	Rat	22500 mg/kg	-
OIT	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	690 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	550 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
propane-1,2-diol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
OIT	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness			
Inhalation	: No specific data.		
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 6-5-2024	Version : 1	
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	7/11	AkzoNobel

Section 11. Toxicological information

	nogical information
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Delayed and immediate effect	cts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health eff	<u>ects</u>
Not available.	
General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	(vapors)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
OIT	100	300	N/A	0.5	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
propane-1,2-diol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 >10000 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 >1000 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 >110 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5122 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4919 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 15052 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1020000 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18340000 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 34060 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 710000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 55770000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 6-5-2024	Version :1	
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	8/11	AkzoNobel

Section 12. Ecological information

OIT	Acute EC10 0.000224 mg/l	Algae - Navicula peliculosa	48 hours
	Acute EC50 0.084 mg/l	Algae - Desmodesmus	72 hours
		subspicatus	
	Acute EC50 0.00129 mg/l	Algae - Navicula peliculosa	48 hours
	Acute EC50 0.42 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute EC50 107 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 180 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute EC50 320 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 154 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Notemigonus crysoleucas	96 hours
	Acute LC50 47 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 50 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 65.5 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute LC50 140 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 8.5 ppb	Fish - Pimephales promelas	35 days

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
propane-1,2-diol	-1.07	-	low
OIT	2.45		low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or
	emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	ADG	IMDG
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-
Date of issue/Date of revi	sion : 6-5-2024	Version :1
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	9/11 AkzoNobe

Section 14. Transport information

Packing group	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.

Additional information

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

- Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons
- 6

Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Scheduled Substances

No listed substance

Section 16. Any other relevant information

History	
Date of printing	: 6-5-2024
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 6-5-2024
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation
Version	: 1
Unique ID	: A6FD275CC10B1EEF82F0F95F4EBF4E4C
Key to abbreviations	 ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group SUSMP = Standard Uniform Schedule of Medicine and Poisons UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
	Calculation method Calculation method

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader



Section 16. Any other relevant information

IMPORTANT NOTE: The information in this data sheet is not intended to be exhaustive and is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws: any person using the product for any purpose other than that specifically recommended in the technical data sheet without first obtaining written confirmation from us as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at his own risk. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. Always read the Material Data Sheet and the Technical Data Sheet for this product if available. All advice we give or any statement made about the product by us (whether in this data sheet or otherwise) is correct to the best of our knowledge but we have no control over the quality or the condition of the substrate or the many factors affecting the use and application of the product. Therefore, unless we specifically agree in writing otherwise, we do not accept any liability whatsoever for the performance of the product or for any loss or damage arising out of the use of the product. All products supplied and technical advice given are subject to our standard terms and conditions of sale. You should request a copy of this document and review it carefully. The information contained in this data sheet is subject to modification from time to time in the light of experience and our policy of continuous development. It is the user's responsibility to verify that this data sheet is current prior to using the product.

Brand names mentioned in this data sheet are trademarks of or are licensed to Akzo Nobel.

